U.S. Space Launch System (SLS) Fun Facts

The Biggest, Most Capable Rocket Ever Built, for Entirely New Human Exploration Missions Beyond Earth's Orbit

- Designed to be flexible and evolvable for crew or cargo missions
- Safe, affordable, and sustainable to advance America's exploration of space

SLS Initial Lift Capability SLS Evolved Lift Capability More than double any operational vehicle today. More than any past, present, or future vehicle. (Cargo Configuration Shown) (Crew Configuration Shown) 400 ft. Cargo Fairing 320 ft. Launch Abort System Upper Multi-Purpose (LAS) Stage Crew Vehicle with J-2X Engine Interstage Core Stage Solid Solid Rocket or Liquid **Boosters** Rocket **Boosters** (SRB) (SRB) RS25-D/E (Space Shuttle Main Engines)

Liftoff Weights & Sizes

Weight: 5.5 million pounds

• Equivalent to 24 fully-loaded 747 jets

Height: 320 feet

• Taller than the Statue of Liberty

Payload

70 metric tons (154,000 pounds) to orbit

- 77 one-ton pickup trucks' worth of cargo
- Equivalent of 12 fully grown elephants

Thrust/Power

At liftoff, has 8.4 million pounds of thrust, more than 31 times the total thrust of a 747 jet.

Produces horsepower equivalent to:

- 160,000 Corvette engines
- 13,400 locomotive engines

10 percent more thrust than the Saturn V at liftoff.

Weight: 6.5 million pounds

- Equivalent to 29 fully-loaded 747 jets Cargo Volume:
- Could carry 9 school buses

Height: 400 feet

Tall as a 40-story building

130 metric tons (286,000 pounds) to orbit

- 143 one-ton pickup trucks' worth of cargo
- Equivalent of 21 fully grown elephants

At liftoff, has 9.2 million pounds of thrust, more than 34 times the total thrust of a 747 jet.

Produces horsepower equivalent to:

- 208,000 Corvette engines
- 17,400 locomotive engines

20 percent more thrust than the Saturn V at liftoff.

Engines Solid Rocket Boosters (SRBs)



- If their heat energy could be converted to electric power, the two SRBs firing for 2 minutes would produce 2.3 million kilowatt hours of power, enough to supply the entire power demand of over 92,000 homes for a full day.
- Each burns 5 tons of propellant per second.

RS-25D/E (Space Shuttle Main Engine)



- Power generated by 3 engines is equivalent to the output of 12 Hoover Dams.
- If water, rather than fuel, were pumped by 3 SSMEs, they would drain a family-sized swimming pool in 25 seconds.

J-2X Upper Stage Engine



- Produces the equivalent power of 2 Hoover Dams.
- Uses 217 gallons (821 liters) of propellant per second.